



# THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 15

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, April 24, 1930

No. 1

## Red & White Store

SEED POTATOES as advertised last week were delayed. Will arrive on April 30th.

We have 10 boxes of Wrapped Newton Apples, long keepers, at \$3 each. Rome Beauty, Winesaps and Spits also in stock.

We have Orange Pekoe Tea (bulk) at 60c lb.

Special—2 pairs Men's Sox at 25c; and a full line Men's Dress and Work Shirts at a price within reach of all.

We will ship your eggs to the Pool and pay by grade in 15 or 30 doz lots 16c on delivery and balance 1st June. Try a shipment.

Garden Seeds—McKenzie's, Simmer's and Steel-Briggs.

See This Week's Circulars for Bargains

## Acadia Produce Co.

QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE

C. W. RIDGOUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

## USED CARS and Fordson Tractors

(Reconditioned)

We have exceptional good buys in this department.

Look these over. Suitable terms can be arranged.

## COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10, Chinook

In this district we had another good shower of rain Friday night. This, with the rain of last week, provides ample moisture for the building being almost full. Both present. The land is in good condition and seedling is rapidly being done.

The Easter service, held in the Union Church on Sunday after noon, was well attended, and the sermon by the pastor and the special music by the choir were much appreciated.

WHEN YOU START THAT GARDEN OF YOURS WE CAN SUPPLY YOUR WANTS IN

GARDEN SEEDS  
RAKES HOES

## Banner Hardware

## Fresh & Smoked FISH

Try Our Corned Beef

BULK LARD  
18c Lb

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

### Saturday Night Dances

Realizing the need of some form of entertainment for Saturday night now that we have no picture show as an inducement to keep our young people (no forgetting the older folks) in our town as much as possible, the Chinook Orchestra will hold a dance every Saturday night, with the first one on May 3. If these affairs prove successful and the public shows an appreciation they will be continued during the summer and fall months. Rain or shine these dances will be held, so that the young and old can have their evening's entertainment regardless of weather conditions with good and peppy music assured. The orchestra solicits your patronage, and this they must have if these Saturday night dances are to be a success. The local orchestra is doing their bit for a good cause.

### Our Opinion of the "Times"

#### Article No. 1

We all agree at the outset that "times" are not what we usually call "good". On the other hand we do not agree for a moment with the crepe hangers and gloom dispensers that "times" are bad, that there is no business and things generally are gone to pot. Business in most lines for January and February was ahead of the same period last year.

Alberta has grown from 73,000 in 1901 to approximately 646,000 in 1929; Alberta has less than three people to the square mile as compared with 35 in the U.S.A.; 60,000,000 acres of land are suitable for agricultural development and as yet only one quarter has been brought under cultivation; between 1908 and 1928 the value of Alberta's agricultural products has increased 21 times over.

Alberta grains have won many championships. The following figures show the average yield of spring wheat over the past 20 years in Alberta and other wheat producing provinces and states:

Bushels per acre—Alberta 17.5, Saskatchewan 16.9, Manitoba 16.7, Kansas 13.5, Minnesota 13.4, South Dakota 11.4, North Dakota 10.9.

The five year average for such competitive wheat growing countries as U.S.A., Argentina and Australia is 13 bushels per acre while the Canadian average is 18.

Canadian wheat is recognized as of better quality, for it is well known that our No. 3 is considered the equal of No. 1 in U.S.A.

The Alberta farmer grows wheat on land that costs only one eighth to one quarter of what his American cousin pays. His taxes in Alberta are much less. His transportation costs to world markets are less. If the American farmer only gets cost of production our farmers can make a profit in the same market. If our farmers only get cost, then the wheat producers in other parts of the world will starve.

"You can't laugh these figures off. But you can laugh off that grouch. Do so. Then give thanks that you live in Canada, and particularly in Alberta."

### Easter Examinations

#### Grade VI.

Winnie Murray 94  
Bruce Young 79  
Ross Sandman 79  
William Youell 78  
Maurice Massey 76  
Dean Tomkins 76  
Lorna McLean 74  
Myrtle O'Malley 69  
Wesley Gilbertson 68

#### Grade VII.

Keith Wright 91  
Wilma Hurley 81  
Mabel Gilbertson 80  
William Marcy 78  
Frank Marcy 76  
Fabian Begon 74  
Milton Dressel 74  
Leonard Youell 73  
Raymond Vennard 70  
Lester Marr 68  
Grace O'Malley 66  
Paul Lloyd 66  
Robert McLean 65  
Lyle Milligan 64  
Fred Vennard 64  
Lorne Ridout 61  
Helen Dawson 59  
Ernest Gilbertson 53

#### Grade VIII.

Marjorie Tomkins 83  
Ina Rennis 71  
Kenneth Dawson 66  
Betty Milligan 65  
Norwood Bjork 58  
Albert Marr 55  
Jack Connell 51

### Heard About Town

Misses Mae Peterson and Mary Shupe motored to Drumheller on Sunday to spend a few days.

W. Hughes came down from Edmonton on Saturday morning, returning on Sunday morning with his car and effects.

A. V. Youell is anxious to meet some member of the tennis club on the courts each morning at 6 o'clock for a friendly game. Don't everybody speak at once.

There was a basket ball game played on Wednesday afternoon on the school grounds. The game was played by the Chinook and Youngstown girls. The home team won by 2.

Leonard and Billy Youell, who had been visiting friends in Sibbald, on Tuesday afternoon returned home, accompanied by Miss Muriel Bowd and little Norma Beag, who will visit the Youell family for a short time.

On Monday, April 21, a number of men from the town and district gathered at the cemetery to clean it up by burning the weeds and putting it in much better shape. The work done is much appreciated by the citizens.

A party was given Wednesday evening by Miss Helen Dawson and Miss Florence Connell to a number of their girl and boy friends, also the young people who came down from Youngstown for the basket ball game. There were 35 present. A most enjoyable evening was spent by all. The time was spent in playing games and dancing. About midnight a dainty lunch was served.

The Goose Lake Base Ball League was brought into existence on Tuesday night at Cereal with Mr. Foran, of Cereal, as president, and Mr. Chapin, of Oyen, secretary. Youngstown, Chinook, Cereal and Oyen form the league. Play will start on Wednesday, May 28, with Oyen at Cereal and Chinook at Youngstown. The league is strictly amateur (no paid players); a 1 games start at 6 p.m.; one home and one visiting umpire officiates at all games.

Naptha Soap, P. & G., 10 bars 45c  
Lux, 3 packages ----- 30c

### Veg. Combination

1 Tomatoes  
1 Corn  
2 Pork & Beans  
2 Peas

6 for  
95c

### Fruit Combination

1 Red Cherry  
1 Plum  
1 Pineapple  
1 Peach  
1 Pear

5 for  
\$1.05

Malkin's or Royal Shield Tea 67c  
Red Arrow Soda Biscuits --- 24c

K. C.  
STRAWBERRY  
JAM 55c

New shipment of our famous Bulk Coffee and Tea just arrived  
Coffee 45c, Tea 49c

QUAKER  
CHINA OATS  
37½c

Wrapped Apples, per case \$2.95  
White Beans, 12 lbs ----- \$1.00

Good Siam Rice  
3 lbs 25c

Green Santos Coffee  
42c

Shipment of Potatoes not expected in before April 28th

QUALITY Should Be Considered as Well as Price

"CHINOOK'S LOCAL STORE"

## HURLEY'S

Fresh Fruits

Fresh Vegetables

## The Acadia Hotel

Caters to the Farmers' Patronage

J. G. CONNELL, Manager

CHINOOK

Advertise in The Chinook Advance

## Saturday Night DANCES at Chinook

Commencing May 3rd

The Chinook Orchestra will hold a series of dances every Saturday night during the summer and fall months in the Chinook School Hall.

Everyone welcome. Good peppy music assured  
Dancing starts at 9 sharp and continues until 12 sharp

Gents 50c Ladies 25c

### LISTEN TO THIS

You use your feet more than any other part of your body, so you should wear the best Shoes---and WE SELL THEM

WE ARE SELLING HARNESS AND PARTS AT VERY LOW PRICES

S. H. SMITH

Tea is a minor expense  
why not drink the finest

# "SALADA" TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

## Catering To Tourists

Approximately twenty millions of dollars will be expended by the Governments of the three Canadian provinces in the construction and maintenance of good roads this year, not to mention several more millions which municipalities will devote to other roads not included in the system of through Provincial highways and main market roads. It is a lot of money. It represents the largest single item of expenditure for any one service. It means an outlay of at least ten dollars for every man, woman and child in Western Canada.

A very considerable portion of this vast sum is being expended on the assumption that, quite apart from the benefits they will directly accrue to our own people by reason of these good roads, they will be the means of attracting an ever increasing volume of tourist traffic from other Provinces and the States to the south, and that these visitors will bring much business and profit to our people through the purchases and expenditures they will make in this country. In a word, the avowed object of a goodly portion of this expenditure is to encourage visitors to tour the West.

Good roads, admittedly, are essential if we are to develop a large tourist business. But, in themselves, they are not enough. These prospective tourists can find good roads, possibly better ones than we can offer, much nearer home, if a fine highway over which they can speed in comfort and safety is all they are looking for. They will come to Western Canada to enjoy a new, a virgin land. They come expecting something different. What is Western Canada going to provide?

Are we going to allow our highways to be disfigured,—as they have been south of the international boundary line,—by unsightly billboards and advertising devices of various kinds, defacing the landscape, obscuring the scenic beauties of country we have to offer, offences committed by drivers with the legitimate road directions, signs, and an eyesore to all? Governments and municipalities can, to a large extent, control the placing of such signs on the highway right-of-way, but individual property owners must co-operate by refusing permission for the erection of billboards and the plastering of signs on private property and buildings.

Our cities, towns and villages should seek to make their respective communities attractive to the visitor, and special attention should be devoted to the approaches to the main roads leading into and out of each settlement. The smaller the place, the more important it is that the surroundings be right, because they are noted to a greater extent by visitors than is the case in larger centres.

Community spirit and enterprise should find expression in having all places in which visitors are interested, and must visit, as, for example, hotels, cafes, garages, post offices, as clean, neat and efficient as possible. Gasoline and oil companies are setting a good example in making filling stations attractive in appearance, especially in larger centres, with rest rooms, wash rooms, comfort stations, etc. They are out to give service. Other businesses may well emulate them. Even the smallest place on a through highway can support such services.

The main highways through towns and villages should be clearly marked, and the location of such utilities as the post office, the telephone exchange, telegraph office, etc., prominently indicated.

Above all, courtesy should be the watchword of every citizen. It should be remembered that they are strangers who are entertaining in your midst. What to you is commonplace, is to them strange and new. They desire information; then go out of your way to supply it. Make them realize how welcome they are so that, when they depart, if they carry away no other impression, they will at least, remember your town as one where the people were cordial, kind and helpful.

The millions of dollars that are being expended on highways is your money. Its expenditure is designed to benefit you and your community directly and indirectly. Make the most of it. This you can only do by individual and community co-operation.

## A Modern Fog Alarm

Partridge Island Signal Derives Power From Diesel Engines

The Partridge Island light and fog signal station, at the entrance to St. John, N.B., harbor, said to be the first steam-operated fog alarm in the world, will in the near future derive its power from modern semi-Diesel engines. In adopting this modern power the station may again lay claim to priority for it will be the first of the kind in Canada. Other stations depending on oil engines have only internal combustion motors utilizing gasoline as a starting mixture and operating on kerosene as a regular fuel. The light on Partridge Island was established in 1791, and the fog signal in 1859.

Shipments From Peace River During the calendar year 1929, the Peace River territory shipped to Edmonton 5,350 cattle, 28,160 hogs, 1,445 sheep and 780 horses, besides sundry other products, including sacked seed. Nearly 11,000 home-stands were filed in the last two years and over 100,000 acres were broken during 1929.

She: "Did you and your boss come to an agreement on my salary?" He: "Oh, yes; we decided to leave it as it is."

## Changing Seasons

Brings colds and other sicknesses. Keep Minard's in the medicine chest. It's a great preventative.



W. N. U. 1834

## Strikes In Canada Decrease

With One Exception Last Year Most Peaceful Since 1902

With one exception, 1929 was the most peaceful year in Canadian labor since 1902, the number of workers affected by strikes and lockouts falling to 12,921, and the days lost to 153,936. Steady progress toward happier relations between employer and employee has been registered now since 1922, the number of workers affected being as follows: 1922, 41,059; 1923, 32,808; 1924, 32,494; 1925, 25,796; 1926, 24,142; 1927, 22,683; 1928, 18,238; 1929, 12,921.

The figure for last year was only nine per cent. of the 1919 total, the year of the Winnipeg strike. Toronto figured in three of the minor strikes of the year. The painters' strike involved 600 workers, and lasted 38 days, the time loss being 7,800 working days. The plumbers' strike involved 400 workers, lasted 10 days, the time loss being 7,500 days. The plasterers' strike involved 500 workers for 12 days, causing 6,000 days time loss.

## ST. VITUS DANCE SUFFERER MADE WELL

Nerves Strengthened Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

Time after time cases are brought to the notice of the public where sufferers from nervous troubles have been relieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—where victims of St. Vitus Dance have been made well through the use of these pills after other medicines have failed to be of benefit. The reason for this is that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly upon the blood—they make new, rich red blood and in thus banishing all impurities from the blood strengthen the nerves and make St. Vitus Dance impossible.

Mrs. P. Donnelly, Montreal, Que., is one more grateful mother who wishes to add her testimony to those already published. She says:—"My little girl, aged eleven, was a great sufferer from St. Vitus Dance. Several doctors prescribed for her with little benefit. She was in the hospital for two weeks. I then saw an advertisement recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for St. Vitus Dance, so I decided to try them. My little girl had only taken a couple of boxes when I noticed some improvement so I continued with the treatment. I'll now say she is completely free from the trouble and can enjoy herself as other children do. I can highly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to anyone suffering from St. Vitus Dance or any other form of nervous trouble, for what these Pills have done for my daughter I am sure they will do for others."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Needs Assistance Of Engineers

To Secure the Best Social and Economical Development In Canada

"We went westward and now we are going northward," said Brigadier-General Charles Hamilton Mitchell, describing the development of Canada to the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, at Washington. General Mitchell made plain the results in improvement in transportation, in development of hydro-electric energy, among the people of the Dominion.

The general informed the assembled international engineers of the importance to Canada of the development of transportation by land, water and air, of the tremendous result of the mechanization of the agricultural industry, of the "miracle of paper," and the extraordinary mining development.

"Looking to the future," he concluded, "a young country such as Canada with its huge natural resources, will still more demand the fullest assistance and contribution from its engineers to secure the best economical and social development. When that best is obtained then the best political and cultural results will be assured."

He had spoken to her on the pier and she was very annoyed. "I don't know you from Adam!" she exclaimed, indignantly. "You ought to," he retorted. "I'm dressed differently."

In spite of all jokes, figures prove that Englishmen are more saving than Scotsmen.

The early bird gets the worm, but, unhappily, the too early bud gets the frost.

**Corns**  
Relief in one minute  
all Pain Vanishes!  
**PUTNAM'S**  
Corn Extractor

The name April is derived from a Latin word meaning "to open."

## Dry, Burning Throat Made Life Miserable

Have You These Symptoms?

"For three years I was seriously bothered by a bronchial cough. At first it was a dry cough, but it became a dry, irritable feeling in my throat. I couldn't cough up anything but very soon my throat got into quite an inflamed condition. Once I got CATARRHOZONE INHALER I was all right. I took it to bed, and if an attack awakened me the inhaler gave me relief. CATARRHOZONE has restored me and I strongly urge every one with a weak throat to use it regularly."—(Signed) J. E. Beamer, Reading.

Catarrhozone will not disappoint you. Get the complete \$1.00 package. Small size, 50c. At dealers everywhere.

## Catarrhozone A Ten-Minute Relief!

## Loss Is Unnecessary

All Baby Chicks Can Be Raised If Properly Looked After

"There is no sense in the idea so many people have, that you have to figure on losing a big percentage of your baby chicks," says F. F. Chaffey, former president of the American Baby Chick Producers' Association, and for thirty-five years a practical poultry raiser. "Start with good vigorous chicks from healthy stock, properly hatched in modern incubators. Give them the right kind of care and protect them from chilly winds, rain and from vermin and rodents, and there is no reason why you should not raise practically every baby chick."

"In all my years of experience, I have found that, aside from the very important factor of starting with a quality of chick in the first place, the most important thing in poultry raising is to give the birds the care they are entitled to. A baby chick is a tiny bit of life, but how it will grow when it gets a good start!"

"I have found that strict attention to keeping the living quarters of poultry absolutely clean is a great help. Filth spreads disease! Cleanliness opposes it. Of course undue exposure must be guarded against also."

"So long as the Chinese doctor keeps his patients well, the story goes, he gets his pay regularly. Whenever they become ill, his pay stops until he makes them well again. Consider yourself your own poultry doctor. So long as your birds are well and thrifty they will pay you; consequently, it is up to your interest to keep them well all the time."

## Smothering Spells

Couldn't Walk Far  
Gasped For Breath

Mrs. T. W. Roth, Kelowna, B.C., writes:—"For over a year I was troubled with smothering spells, and it was impossible for me to walk even a short distance, on account of having to gasp for breath."

"A friend told me to try



which I did, and in a short time I felt much better. "I can now recommend them to everyone."

Price, 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

**Synthetic Bee Stings** Perfection of synthetic bee stings has been announced by the medical laboratories of Vienna, Austria. Professors of the Polytechnic hospital made chemical analysis of bee venom and claim to have succeeded in duplicating and improving it. The stinging chemical is said to cure rheumatism.

**Persian Balm** is a true elixir of youth. Refreshes and rejuvenates. Adds a youthful charm to the complexion. Softens and beautifies the skin. It has a most heavenly white, indispensable to the woman who appreciates subtle distinction. Delightful to use. Delicately fragrant. Soothes dry and irritated skin. Corrects and preserves. A flawless toilet requisite for every discerning woman. A true aid to beauty.

**A Model Community** In the town of New Lanark, Scotland, established as a social community by Robert Owen, there were no lawyers or magistrates and not a legal punishment during a period of nearly 30 years.

Minard's has Wonderful Antiseptic Power

## Not Properly Qualified

Toronto Professor Says Universities Not Equipped To Study International Relations

Canadian universities are not sufficiently qualified for an adequate study of international law and international relations, Prof. Norman MacKenzie of the University of Toronto, told the House of Commons committee on industrial and international relations. He knew of no university in Canada, he said, which had a library equipped for the intensive pursuit of these studies.

The committee was considering a resolution sponsored by Miss Agnes MacPhail (Prog. South-east Grey), calling for the establishment of chairs and scholarships in Canadian international relations in Canadian universities. There was a field in Canada for improvement in this respect.

Prof. MacKenzie thought parliament might well consider aiding either by grants or other means. If the libraries were available Professor MacKenzie thought, the studies would be developed by the universities and the students themselves.

Many mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

## Preserving Historic Building

Alberta May Restore Old Fur House Built In 1705

Old Fort Edmonton, built 135 years ago inside an 18-foot stockade, may see partial restoration, according to the statement of Premier Brownlee in the Alberta legislature. The last building to be pulled down was the old fur-house, which until 1915, stood on the ground below the legislature. The proposal seems at present concerned only with setting up a log structure two storeys high, identical with this fur-house, which goes back to the time when John Rowley was chief factor, between 1825 and 1851. Interest is being shown in the possible erection of a miniature of the whole layout of the early fort.

## Minard's For Failing Hair

Thermometers Tested Nearly

Every year, the Physical Testing Laboratory of the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, tests several thousand clinical thermometers for Government departments or for the general public. A certificate is given with each thermometer, which successfully passes the required tests.

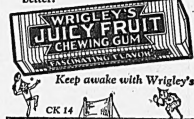
## Dogs Have Rights

Because he drove his car over a Boston bulldog, Robert Miller, of Hamilton, Ont., was found guilty of cruelty to animals. He was allowed out on suspended sentence, but must make good the value of the deceased animal, which was \$50. Magistrate Burbridge ruled that dogs are entitled to the same consideration on the street as pedestrians.



When you need new energy, when you are hot and mouth is dry—pep up with Wrigley's—it moistens mouth and throat.

The increased flow of saliva feeds new strength to the blood, you can do more—you feel better.



Keep awake with Wrigley's

CK 14

## New Industry For Canada

Eighteen Varieties Of Soybean Can Be Cultivated In Dominion

Canadian farmers are finding a new opportunity in the cultivation of the soybean. During 1929 soybean oil and other products to a value of nearly \$2,000,000 were imported by Canadian industries. Experimental work conducted by the Dominion Department of Agriculture shows that eighteen varieties can be successfully cultivated in Canada. It grows under essentially the same conditions as corn, and generally speaking, can be grown anywhere corn grows, and with about the same results.

**Fresh Supplies In Demand.**—Whenever Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been introduced increased supplies have been ordered, showing that wherever it goes this excellent Oil impresses its power on the people. No matter in what latitude it may be found its potency is never impaired. It is put in most portable shape in bottles and can be carried without fear of breakage.

## The Modern Wolf

The wolf that used to sniff around the door now occupies an easy chair in the parlor, right next to the radio, and within easy reaching distance of the iceless refrigerator, the vacuum cleaner, and other necessities of life.

## Perfect dyeing so easily done!

**DIAMOND DYES** contain the highest quality anilines give such true, bright, new colors to dresses, drapes, lingerie. The anilines in Diamond Dyes make them so easy to use. No spotting or streaking. Just clear, even colors, that hold through wear and washing. Diamond Dyes never give things that re-dyed look. They are just 15c at all drug stores. When perfect dyeing costs no more—is so easy—why experiment with makeshifts?

## Diamond Dyes

Highest Quality for 50 Years

**Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh**

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc.—under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay fresh, delicious! Para-Sani keeps them from staling. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull". Packs in sheet form.

**Appleford Paper Products**  
HAMILTON ONT.

Western Representatives:  
**HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.**

## EMIGRATION TO CANADA SHOWS BIG INCREASE

London, Eng.—Emigration to Canada has increased more than 25 per cent. during the past four years, although emigration to dominions generally has shown a considerable falling off since 1925, it was disclosed in the House of Commons.

Hon. W. R. Smith, parliamentary secretary of the Board of Trade, in reply to questions said emigration to Canada had increased year by year, namely from 49,632 in 1926, to 65,558 in 1929, while Board of Trade figures showed the aggregate emigration to Canada, Australia, New Zealand and Australia had decreased from about 119,000 in 1926 to about 94,000 in 1929.

The colonial office also was questioned with regard to Dominion emigration. Dr. Drummond Shiels, parliamentary under-secretary, stating he would circulate detailed figures later. He gave the same figures as Mr. Smith for Dominion emigration generally, stating emigration to Canada showed an annual increase.

### Twelve Rescued From Sea

Voluntary Missionary and Family Stranded in Motor Boat

Panama City.—Stranded for nine days in a motor launch in the Caribbean Sea east of Colon, J. W. Miller, of Jacksonville, Fla., and his wife and nine children and a negro seaman were rescued by the Cuban gunboat "Patria" when their doom from starvation and exposure was imminent.

Miller and his family, the youngest of whom was seven months old, started out from Boca de Toro, Panama, for Colon in a small motor boat. Six days later they ran out of fuel while only a short distance from their objective.

For days after that he watched for craft which might help him to get to Colon. Twice he signalled passing boats with a small flag he had with him, but was unable to make himself seen. The "Patria" sighted him about three miles off Colon and brought the party of 12 to port. The Millers are a family of "voluntary missionaries." They left Jacksonville in June, 1928, for a cruise through the West Indies, and in the course of their trip they founded the mission "Church of God" on the Isle of Pines, Cuba.

### Keeping Up Record

World's Champion Egg-Laying Hen Still Leads in Production

Saskatoon. — Lady Victorine, world's champion egg-laying hen, is doing very well in her second year. When this Barred Rock pullet, who lives at the University of Saskatchewan, completed her first year of egg production, during which she laid 355 eggs, she did not fruit immediately but laid another 16 eggs last September.

Towards the end of December she resumed business, laying four eggs in that month. In January, February and March she worked steadily and produced as many eggs as the average Saskatchewan hen does in a year.

### France Protects Auto Industry

Paris.—From ten to 60 per cent. higher tariffs on United States automobiles became effective under a bill passed by the chamber of deputies and the senate. The government contended the law was intended merely to simplify the customs routine by changing from ad valorem to specific duties. Arguments in parliament were based upon the theory that the French auto industry needs more protection.

### Will Reinstatement Clause

London, Eng.—The House of Commons has voted, 194 to 50, to reinstate in the Army Estimates bill the clause abolishing the death penalty for cowardice and desertion. This was the answer of the Lower House to the action of the House of Lords in deleting from the bill the clause going away with the penalty.

### Presentation For Byrd

Wallingford, Conn. — A sword wrought in gold, silver and enamel to commemorate Rear-Admiral Richard E. Byrd's achievements as geographer, flyer and seaman will be produced here for the State of Virginia. It will be presented by the state to Admiral Byrd upon his return from the South Polar regions.

A new electrical device can be used to seal broken blood vessels.

W. N. U. 1534

## Predicts Early Election

May Be Held This Year, Says Hon. R. B. Bennett

Calgary.—"All appearances point to the calling of a Dominion election before the end of the present year," asserted Hon. R. B. Bennett, on his return to Calgary following adjournment of the Federal House for the Easter recess.

"I notice that one of the government supporters in Edmonton has fixed the date on which an appeal will be made to the people, but I doubt if the Prime Minister himself has yet determined that point."

"The budget will probably be delivered shortly after the Easter recess," Mr. Bennett continued, "and there is much conjecture as to what it will contain. Undoubtedly promises have been made to the agriculturists of Quebec that a tariff will be imposed on fruits and vegetables, and the iron and steel producers have been assured that their industry will receive protection under the new tariff."

"The action of Australia in imposing a surtax to practically prohibit the importation of many commodities is justified by the Australian Government as the Canadian Government imposed a dumping duty of six cents per pound on importation of butter from Australia after a treaty had been signed between Australian and Canadian Governments agreeing to a duty of one cent per pound on these importations. The whole problem of Australian trade is engaging the attention of the government at the present time."

## Tariff Commissioner Retires

Fellow-Workers Of J. A. Russell Hold Banquet In His Honor

Ottawa, Ont.—Warm appreciation of the faithful and efficient service which he has given to the Dominion over a period of more than half a century was voiced at a banquet given in honor of James A. Russell, retiring commissioner of tariffs for the department of finance.

The event was signalled by the attendance of friends and fellow-workers of Mr. Russell, and the department of finance, the department of national revenue, the tariff advisory board, and the department of external affairs, who gathered at the Royal Ottawa Golf Club to do honor to the retiring commissioner.

After serving the country for fifty-two years, Mr. Russell, who had been associated with six finance ministers, Mr. Russell now retires on pension under the seventy-five year age provision.

## Trouble In British Textile Mills Growing

Workers Fighting Wage Reduction Employers Deem Necessary

London, Eng.—Day by day the prospects of a long stoppage of work in the woolen and textile industries seem to be growing and it is now feared—unless the government steps in—the country must face a long and bitter struggle between the men and women who will not accept wage reductions and the employers who, acting on the reports of Lord McMillan, have demanded such reductions to the continued existence of the industry.

Today the General Trades Union congress appealed to its affiliated trade unions for financial assistance for the Yorkshire workers. The general council itself headed the list with a contribution of five hundred pounds, or about \$2,135.

## Plans Return Next Year

Kaye Don Faced Many Difficulties In Trial For Speed Record

New York.—Kaye Don's first attempt to smash the world automobile speed mark on the sands of Daytona Beach is over but the dapper little Englishman with the bristly blonde mustache will be back again for another go at it next year.

It has been anything but a pleasant expedition for the debonair king of Britain's amateur tracks who set forth like a schoolboy on a holiday two months ago to crack Sir Henry Seagrave's mark of 231 miles an hour in the massive Silver Bullet built especially for him by the Sunbeam Motors of England. Twenty-two times Don battled a set of coughing motors and the unusually rough Daytona sands without coming closer to the record than 195 miles an hour.

### Thousands Acres Sown

Lethbridge, Alberta.—O. B. Laster has completed sowing 3,000 acres of wheat in summerfallow. Several farmers of the Bow Island district have finished wheat seeding. The recent rainstorm is the cause of much jubilation by these farmers.

## Canadians Well Informed

Are Acquainted With Public Affairs Says Lord Willingdon

Vancouver.—The difficulties of a governor-general who is being constantly asked to deliver addresses and yet is surrounded by limitations in what he may say, were good-humoredly referred to by His Excellency Lord Willingdon in addressing a luncheon of service clubs here.

Speaking of the work of service clubs and of the opportunity they offered for the study of public affairs, Lord Willingdon expressed his opinion "that the citizens of Canada are perhaps better informed on public affairs than citizens of any other country. I wish that in my country we had more of these organizations so that the citizens of my country would know more of empire affairs than they do now."

## To Cut Grain Acreage

Special Survey Discloses Substantial Reductions In North Dakota

Washington, D.C. — Governor George F. Schafer, of North Dakota, and John L. Coulter, chief economist of the tariff commission, told Chairman Alexander Legge that substantial reductions in both hard and soft spring wheat acreages may be expected in North Dakota and neighboring areas covered by a special survey made by Coulter.

The eastern section of North Dakota, the chairman said, is expected to reduce its acreage of durum wheat more than the 15 per cent. forecast by the Department of Agriculture. The reduction of hard spring wheat in the western section will be less, but of considerable importance.

## MANY INJURED DURING SERIOUS RIOT IN INDIA

Calcutta, India.—Nineteen persons were injured in heavy fighting between Nationalists and police in the Bhowanipore Sikh quarter of Calcutta. Tram cars were burned in both Calcutta and Bombay and armored cars patrolled the streets of the latter city when students and carters joined in the attempt to stop vehicular traffic by obstructing road-ways and tram-lines.

Six European officers were among the injured at Calcutta. A European woman cycling in the district, was forced to dismount and abandon her machine when she was stoned by the crowd. She received nasty gashes. Ten Khalsas were injured.

There were unconfirmed reports of firing in North Calcutta. Armed police were on duty throughout the affected area and armored cars were active.

Seven British officials were injured by the time the situation was brought under control. Two members of a South Calcutta mob were injured when a European police sergeant opened fire to save an injured fellow-officer who was being attacked. A freeman suffered a fractured skull when he was attacked by a crowd opposing his efforts to extinguish a tram-car blaze.

Miss Daisie Dench, London girl, who attempted against police advice to ride a motorcycle through a riot section, was taken to a hospital with deep gashes from stones which the hostile mob flung at her. Her way was blocked and she had to run for her life amid a hail of broken road material.

## Canadians at White House



Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian Minister to the United States, accompanied E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on visit to President Hoover recently. They are here seen leaving the White House in Washington.

## ANGLO-CANADIAN COMEDIENNE



Beatrice Lillie, the vivacious Anglo-Canadian comedienne, is now in Hollywood preparing to make a talkie. She is the wife of Sir Robert Peel.

## Britain Acts On Liquor Shipments

Will Introduce Bill To Safeguard Interests Of U.S.

London, Eng.—The House of Commons, by a vote of 215 to 142, gave a Liberal member leave to introduce a bill to entitle the board of trade to suspend or cancel the certificate of any master, mate or engineer engaging in the illicit importation of intoxicating liquor into United States territory.

After Isaac Foot, Liberal member from Cornwall, had spoken for ten minutes advocating the measure, Frederick A. Macquisten, Conservative member from Argyll and a lawyer who sometimes acts professionally for the liquor trade, opposed the bill in a speech filled with humorous remarks.

Lady Astor, United States-born peeress and ardent temperance advocate, interrupted Macquisten several times.

## Night Editor Of Calgary Herald Dead

P. W. Stone Was Well Known Throughout Canada

Calgary.—Percy W. Stone, for more than ten years night editor of the "The Calgary Herald" and known from coast to coast as one of Canada's veteran newspapermen, died, April 15, following a heart attack. He was 54 years of age. Prior to becoming associated with "The Herald," Mr. Stone worked on "The Winnipeg Telegram" and later became editor of "The Bassano Mail," and managing editor of "The Crag and Canyon" in Banff.

Mr. Stone was an Englishman by birth, but came to Canada as a boy and taught school in Ontario before coming west.

### Driftable To Span Atlantic

London, Eng.—The British driftable R-100 will attempt to bridge the Atlantic this spring, the first step toward the British dream of an air-linked empire. Meanwhile the Graf Zeppelin will start on its sixth trans-Atlantic trip. The United States focal point of former air lines crossings, will be neglected, for the R-100 will point for Canada and the Graf for South America.

### Lightning Weeks Radio

Monkots, Sask.—The radio set was completely demolished and the house wall set on fire when the home of Alfred Jensen, here, was struck by lightning during a severe thunderstorm, accompanied by heavy rains.

## Establishes New Speed Record

Pilot Buchanan Makes Fast Flight From Winnipeg To Regina

Regina.—A flight from Winnipeg to Regina, in two hours and 45 minutes, establishing a new speed record for that leg of the Western Canada air mail service, was made by Pilot W. J. Buchanan on April 13, in a Fokker F-14 machine.

He left Winnipeg at 9:05 p.m. (Winnipeg time), or 8:05 p.m. Regina time, and arrived here at 10:50 p.m. (Regina time).

There was a 25-mile an hour wind blowing from the southeast during most of the flight, but unfavorable weather made it necessary for him to "fly blind" from Broadview to Regina. The total distance is 350 miles.

## Surveyed Air Mail Routes

Superintendent Of Airways Returns To Ottawa From West

Ottawa.—Making a two-day stop-over flight from High River, Alberta, to the capital, Squadron Leader J. H. Tudhope, superintendent of airways for the civil aviation branch, has returned from a survey of air mail routes in Western Canada. The return flight of approximately 2,200 miles was made in 17 hours and 50 minutes flying time. Five stops were made.

Major Tudhope's survey had as its purpose an investigation of possible routes for the final links in Western Canada of the trans-Canada Air Mail Service, to be completed in the near future.

## Impressed With Bay Port

Development At Churchill Was Surprised To Premier Bracken

The Pas, Man.—Churchill will probably not be thrown open to the public this year is the opinion of Premier John Bracken, who has returned from his first visit to the northern seaport.

Mr. Bracken stated it would seem unwise to open it to the public as no provision has as yet been made for public utilities other than those for the government men who will be employed there this year.

Premier Bracken stated he was impressed with the magnitude of the development at Churchill.

## PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION VOTING SYSTEM

Ottawa, Ont.—Proportional representation, which now is occupying the attention of the administration and of the opposition members as well, is not a new subject in Ottawa. In the House of Commons a few days ago, Premier Mackenzie King limited the government is giving the matter consideration and said the progress made during the session will determine whether or not a bill is introduced.

In 1921, a committee of the House investigated "P.R." The committee recommended taking a plebiscite because it was "not prepared to recommend the application in the next general election." The committee was impressed by the arguments presented by the advocates of the system and in its report said:

"It must be apparent that the present system of elections in single-member constituencies meets fully the purpose intended only when no more than two candidates are nominated. Recent experiences in elections in Canada have brought home to our people the fact that when three or more candidates present themselves in single-member constituencies, the candidate declared elected may, and often does, represent merely a minority of those voting in the constituency."

It was after the 1921 election that a debate and division took place on the report. W. C. Good, Progressive member for Brant in 1923, introduced a motion calling for the adoption of "P.R." in multi-member constituencies. Practically all the then leaders took part in the debate and in the division that followed, the motion was lost. Among those who voted for it were Premier Mackenzie King, Hon. W. S. Fielding, and Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Justice. Right Hon. Arthur Meighen then joined the Progressive party and led the forces opposed to the motion although party lines were not followed rigidly in the division. Hon. Lucien Cannon, solicitor-general and Hon. James Malcolm, Minister of Trade and Commerce, were two of the present cabinet ministers who voted in opposition to the motion.

## WORK OF NAVAL PARLEY GIVEN IN WHITE PAPER

London, Eng.—Parliament has received a "white paper" which summarized the work achieved thus far by the London naval conference.

Among other points Premier MacDonald cited the tonnage reductions negotiated and the attendant saving in money. In conclusion the "white paper" says:

"Important as are these financial savings yet a more important result of this first stage of the London conference has been the elimination of competitive building in cruisers and auxiliary craft between the British Commonwealth, the United States and Japan, with all that implies in mutual improvement of their political relations."

"Figures on agreement between those powers have been placed at a low level, and it is the earnest hope of His Majesty's government that during the next stage of the conference agreement may be reached with the French and Italian governments at levels which will permit their programs of tonnage figures being incorporated in the agreement already reached between the other powers."

"After signature of the treaty the conference will adjourn in order to give further time for negotiations between the French and Italian governments with view to settlement of the difficulties which as yet prevent complete agreement."

"These negotiations may be prolonged and it is necessary that delegations from distant countries, which are not so immediately concerned, should remain in London while the conversations are proceeding. It is for this reason that adjournment has been decided upon."

## Will Not Seriously Affect Canadian Trade

Chancellor Of Exchequer Announces Tariff Changes In British House

Ottawa.—Tariff experts of the Dominion Government are busily studying the tariff changes announced by Rt. Hon. Philip Snowden, chancellor of the exchequer, in the British House of Commons. The general opinion expressed is that they will not seriously affect Canadian trade. The changes are as follows: 1. Reduction in motor cars, motion picture films and musical instruments is most important.

The removal of the McKenna duties would have wiped out the advantage which Canada now has over the United States in the British market, and the products would be allowed in free from both countries. According to information here based on Mr. Snowden's announcement, the first of safeguarding duties which will pass out of existence is that on lace and embroidery. This duty was put on five years and would end on July 1 next. As Canada does not export this product it will not affect her. The duty on cutlery comes off on December 22 next.

## Prince Flies From Khartoum To Cairo

Expects To Leave Africa Very Shortly For England

Khartoum, Upper Egypt.—Prince of Wales and the party which was with him throughout his hunting in British East Africa, left here in six aeroplanes for Cairo. They will leave there for England shortly.

The Prince, before boarding the plane, put on a woolly jacket and scarf over a khaki shirt and shorts, because of the chilly morning.

Hardly had his plane, with four escort planes disappeared in the north when other planes bearing other members of the party and baggage, departed.

### Diocese Will Be Transferred

The Pas, Man.—Plans for establishment of Roman Catholic diocese headquarters at Churchill, on Hudson Bay, were revealed here by Rt. Rev. A. Turquetil, O.M.I., bishop at Chesterfield Inlet. The "Bishop of the Arctic" stated that no definite date had been set for transfer of the diocese headquarters from Chesterfield to Churchill.

### Boys Killed In Fire

Lucerne, Sicily.—Fifteen boys, ranging in ages between 15 and 18, were killed in a moviehouse fire and stampee. A general rush for the exits, following outbreak of fire in the film room, was the cause of the fatalities. In addition, three others were seriously injured and five were slightly hurt.

## Exercise Needed To Keep Healthy

Moderation Necessary As In All Things, However

There is a saying which everybody has heard, because it is as old as the hills, that "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy."

Somewhat has abbreviated this to "all work and no play makes jack." Both quotations have merit, but like most sayings of the kind, they are only partially true. A better rule in life for all of us to bear in mind is "be moderate in all things."

Being moderate applies particularly to the amount of exercise we should inject into our daily programme. It is a very serious matter and should be entered into with considerable thought. Too little exercise is conducive to a weakly constitution and too much exercise is apt to lead to serious consequences.

The object we should try to achieve is find the health habits which are best suited to promoting good health and to stick to them.

Now and then you may be induced by some energetic person to indulge in some form of sport or exercise which is altogether too strenuous for you. It is well to have a physician look you over before entering into anything which might by some chance result in physical impairment.

The importance of some form of exercise for everyone's muscle development, however, cannot be over-emphasized. The muscles of the body are made up of many strands, and these strands are made up of very tiny fibres. The fibres are again divided up into separate parts or segments, and every one of these segments has its own blood and nerve supply. This is a very fine and intricate system, but we are absolutely dependent upon our muscles. Each muscle cord is attached to the bones, and if they weren't there, the whole framework would collapse and we wouldn't be able to stand up. And the muscles are so constructed that they must be exercised often because the more work they do the stronger they become. As an example of how this acts, if a man were to tie his arm to his side and not use it for some length of time he would find, when he released it, that he could not use it whether he wanted to or not. In other words, he would not have given his muscle system enough work, and as a result of this inactivity, the muscles forgot how to function. The best exercise one can get, as a rule, is something one likes to do. Fortunately indeed is the man or woman who can play golf, or tennis, or swim, or play almost any kind of game and get real pleasure out of it. But if we are not in a position to take part in this sort of recreation, we are by no means dependent upon them. There are number of things one can do that are of a very simple nature, and yet very enjoyable, if we enter into them in the right spirit. One of these things is walking.

A great doctor once wrote that the best way to acquire a good complexion is to bury a pot of paint two miles from your house and then walk out there every day to see if anybody had moved it.

Walking is undoubtedly, one of the best forms of exercise within the reach of any of us. It is an excellent plan to set ourselves to walk a certain distance every day, and then to go about it in a business-like manner. In order to get the full benefit from it, we must carry ourselves properly. Few people know how to walk. They stroll. And there is a vast difference between the two forms of ambulation.

Here is the way to go at it: Wear comfortable, loose clothing, and select a destination two miles away. Allow yourself half an hour to do the stretch and measure your steps so that you will arrive there promptly. Keep the shoulders back, head up, chin tilted, and swing the arms, just as they teach you in the army. This is a regular pastime is a lot of fun, if it is a nice day, and it will go a long way toward putting roses in the cheeks of the walker.



"You strikers ought to work. A great man said work is the greatest joy of life."

"Yes, but I don't live just for my own pleasure."—Karl Marx, Oslo.

W. N. U. 1834

## Cable Depreciates If Stored

Demand On Account Of Breakage Has Created Shortage

A world shortage on suitable deep sea cable is apparent, following the undue demands attended by miles of cable destroyed by submarine earthquake of November 18, according to C. Berner, cable engineer, in charge of the repair expedition aboard the "Dominia," world's largest cable laying ship, which recently returned to Halifax. The "Dominia" arrived from London after being more than two months at sea, and took aboard buoys and supplies before resuming her work.

Such is the demand for suitable cable that the supply tanks at Gibraltar have been drained, and the cable previously stored there is being brought to Halifax by the Norwegian freighter, "Ringen."

Operating in conjunction with the "Lord Kelvin," the "Dominia," under charter to the Western Union, repaired in 1910 New York-Bay Roberts cable damaged over a distance of about 175 miles.

Large stores of cable are not kept on hand because they depreciate fast—more than when in use, Mr. Berner explained. Mr. Berner was in charge of the laying of the high speed cable from Bay Roberts to the Azores in 1920, which is a very deep sea cable in existence, capable of transmitting several thousand letters per minute. Specially designed, it was calculated that the cable must be 1-341.17 miles in length. The cable was laid as called for, even to the last inch, which is stated to be one of the most remarkable achievements in cable laying on record.

Absolutely no signs of foreign substance on the ocean's bottom, nor any changes in soundings were reported by Mr. Berner.

## Equipment Is Adequate

Nature Gives Every Creature Means To Protect Itself

It is curious to note the different ways in which Nature equips her creatures in order that they may be able, to a certain extent, to avoid death. Any animal, even if it has never set eyes upon water before can, upon being thrown into the water, instinctively swim. Even a cat, hating water as it does, at once learns to swim and remains the shore in safety, no matter if it is but a few days old.

In the same way Nature has equipped some of the creatures that exist in water with protection against various things.

A strange case is that of a minute insect that ascends in ponds—the arella—which was recently a subject of investigation by Dr. E. Bies of Cambridge University. It was discovered that this tiny insect is equipped with a means of saving its own life if by any chance it strays into too deep water for its comfort!

Immediately the arella reaches water that has not enough oxygen to keep the insect alive a strange change takes place—a tiny hole in the creature fills with a kind of gas, and at once the little insect is carried up to the surface, almost as if it were a balloon! And so, in this way, this small creature, that would otherwise enjoy but a short span of life, goes about in comparative safety.

## Attractive To Collectors

Pocket Dark Lantern Candlestick Was Very Compact

Flashlights, so necessary to the modern state of affairs, were probably the outcome of the early pocket dark-lantern candlesticks. Contrivances of many kinds were devised in bygone days for use as candle holders, but perhaps one of the most outstanding was the pocket dark-lantern candlestick. This candlestick was so designed that it was not too heavy to be carried by a lady, and although complicated in its arrangement, when assembled was really compact.

The body of the lamp was of tin, cylinder shaped, five inches long and two in diameter, japanned black and trimmed with gold or yellow stripes. A slightly rounded cover formed a hinge on top, on the inside of which appeared a double, swinging hook. Two folding wire handles were placed at the back, and on the inside a piece of oval tin with highly polished surface served to deflect the candle light.

An opening three inches long and covered by a remarkable shade of tin working on a hinge at the top allowed the light to shine forth or not, at will.

Inside, holes were punched in diamond-shaped groups, for ventilation.

An automobile manufacturing plant has been started in Bombay, India.

The smaller the fish the more it strains the veracity of the angler.

## Our Oriental Problem

What Can Be Done With Canadian Born Japs and Chinese

Our Oriental problem is primarily no longer one of exclusion on the frontier. It is becoming increasingly a problem of our own people of Chinese and Japanese born in Canada, educated in Canadian public and high schools, and in everything but descent, more Canadian than Oriental. What are we going to do with these young people? There were practically five thousand of them in the schools of British Columbia last year. There are probably as many this year, or more. In Richmond, 600 out of 1,500 pupils are Japanese, and in two or three of the Vancouver schools there is quite a sprinkling of Japanese and Chinese—bright youngsters, eager, industrious, energetic.

It is suggested, from time to time, by anti-Oriental organizations that the Orientals of British Columbia be bought out and sent back to the country from which they came. This plan, of course, is impracticable. But even if it were practicable, it would not solve the problem of the second and third generation Chinese and Japanese. These didn't come from anywhere abroad; they were born here. In our schools we have many Canadian ideals upon them. All their associations and interests are here. In many cases they have no more relations with Japan or China than a second or third generation Canadian has with England or Scotland. To some extent, at least, they have adopted the Canadian standard of living. We put these young people into our melting pot. We have done what we could to make them Canadians. Yet we refuse to accept them as Canadians. What are we going to do about them? One of these days they will be growing up and will want to know.

## Placing the Blame

Modern Drug Store Evolved From Postage Stamp, Says Doctor

The drug store of the old days was a place where you could buy drugs and little else. Today it is a place where you can buy anything from fishing tackle to phonograph records. How did it happen?

Dr. Logan Clendenen, writing in the American Druggist, believes that the humble postage stamp is to blame.

The public had a way of wanting postage stamps at very odd hours; and it began to discover that the drug store was apt to be the only place open. The druggist was forced to carry stamps. This got both druggist and customer used to looking on the drug store as a convenient place for emergency purchases; and the druggist gradually began to stock up with other things that people might want.

Out of it grew the drug store of today, an institution whose usefulness is measured by the fact that it sells fewer drugs than useful things that people need more.—Vancouver Sun.

## Average Value Of Farm Lands

The average value of farm lands as a whole in Canada, improved and unimproved, and including buildings, is stated for the year 1929 to have been \$37 an acre, in a report issued by the Canadian Bureau of Statistics.

## To Save Eyesight

Ten Classes For Children Already Established In Canada

Preventive work in matter of saving eyesight of Canada's people has recently taken another step forward. New Brunswick is now carrying on a survey of the eyesight conditions of the school children of that province preparatory to organizing, if need appears, sight saving classes in certain schools. Miss Mary McLeod, M.A. (Oxon), who has recently returned from a lecture tour in the Maritime provinces in connection with the preventive work of the Canadian National Institute for the Blind, outlined the enthusiasm by which the work is being received by medical and educational authorities.

New Brunswick has the distinction of having monthly health examination of all school children, not only in the cities but throughout the province, Miss McLeod pointed out.

It is estimated that one in every 500 school children in Canada have defective sight, usually less than one-third normal. Already there are ten sight-saving classes in Canada, four of which are in Toronto, one in Vancouver, two in Winnipeg, one in London, one in Hamilton, and one in Halifax. The success of the Toronto classes has demonstrated that children who would otherwise lose confidence by inability to keep up with other pupils regain their morale, while their sight is not further impaired by unsuitable study.

## Due To Advertising

Orange Growers' Consistent Campaign Has Proved Worth While

It is not particularly gratifying to Canadians to be told so often, on good authority, that more oranges are eaten in Canada than apples. When an explanation is asked for this state of affairs, it is said that it is largely due to the persistent campaign that has been carried on by the orange growers of California. The astounding statement is made in the annual report of E. G. Dezell, the general manager of the California Fruit Growers' Exchange, that by spending \$1,880,000 in the advertising and merchandising of Sunbelt products last season, the exchange obtained \$118,875,102 for a crop of oranges, lemons and grapefruit, so large that it would have brought disaster to the growers a few years ago. The demand was created by advertising, and then good salesmanship did the rest.—Brantford Examiner.

## Would Label Butter

Regulations requiring packages containing butter to be marked with the name of the country in which the butter was made are being considered by the Dominion Government. Hon. Charles Stewart, acting minister of agriculture, so informed the House of Commons in reply to a question from H. B. Adshead (Labor, Calgary East.)

## British Drink Most Tea

The British produce trade accounts for the great bulk of the world's tea consumption; last year's importation figures show that, aside from tea-drinking in the countries of production, Great Britain alone consumed 62 per cent. of the world's supplies, and the British Empire as a whole 70 per cent.

## Where the Horse Is Missed

Millions Have Disappeared From U.S. City Streets Is Estimate

The recent (United States) government figures showing a disappearance from farms of 714,000 horses and mules during the past year illustrates a long-time trend which undoubtedly has had an important bearing on the surplus crop problem and low price of the past decade. Back in 1919 the work stock carried on farms amounted to 29,488,000 horses and mules. The January, 1930, estimates places the number at only 18,762,000. This disappearance of 7,726,000 head of work stock from farms has been accompanied by a valuation decrease of approximately one and a half billion dollars.

There are no accurate figures concerning the disappearance of horses and mules from cities and towns during this period, but that the reduction has been far more sweeping and rapid than in rural districts should be apparent to anyone who recalls conditions a decade ago. Some estimators have placed the loss of work stock from city streets during the past ten years at two and a half million head, thus pushing up the grand total disappearance of horses and mules during the past decade to the ten-million head mark. Ten million head of work stock would consume between fifteen and twenty million tons of hay and approximately three-quarters of a billion bushels grain. Agriculture has therefore lost—and the oil industry has captured—a market demand which, were it now available, would undoubtedly send farm prices soaring.—The Country Gentleman.

## From a Different Angle

Fruit When Reckoned By Weight Is Not So Expensive

Very often the housewife will get a better idea of the actual cost of a certain food, by figuring it in some other form. For instance, oranges at sixty cents a dozen may seem very high, but if you weigh a dozen and find they are costing about fifteen cents a pound, they appear very low-priced indeed—particularly when you consider that you are paying several times this much per pound for such foods as butter, steak and cheese. As most of us eat too much of the acid-producing foods like meat, fish, bread and eggs, and not enough of the alkaline foods like oranges, apples, cabbage, carrots, celery and spinach, it is well to know this little trick of figuring price. The money saved by getting four pounds of steak instead of six will go a long way toward taking care of fruit cups, salads and light desserts for a day, and a little careful figuring will enable any woman to set a more evenly-balanced table than she does, at sixty less than she is spending for food today.

## 'Phone System For Ships

A telephone system, which in addition to the usual inter-communication system found on ships for use of the personnel, connects all first class cabins, is one of the features of the installation on the three new steamships, "The Prince Henry," "Prince David," and "Prince Robert," which are being placed in service on the Pacific coast by the Canadian National Steamships.

To most of us Easy Street seems to be marked "No Thoroughfare."

## New Art Of Diamond Cutting

Work Has Been Speeded Up By Ingenious Mechanism

For centuries the art of the diamond cutter was considered a special talent which must be developed by years of training. Today, diamonds are cut with the aid of ingenious mechanism which has greatly speeded up the work, while producing the most brilliant gems in history. The machinery which is revolutionizing the ancient art is for the most part the creation of American ingenuity.

It no longer requires a diamond to cut a diamond. Formerly there was no way of dividing a diamond except by splitting it along the line of cleavage. Diamonds are now sawed into pieces at any desired angle. The hardest of stones are sawed by means of a very thin disk of phosphor-bronze, revolving at a very high speed. It takes a day to cut through a single carat. One worker directs a dozen such saws. It is very delicate work, for a stone may be shattered and ruined if the saw strikes a flaw in the gem. The danger is anticipated by listening intently to the humming note of the saw, which sounds a signal of danger when a flaw is approached.

Diamonds are now reduced in size by turning them in a lathe like a piece of wood. The tool used in turning is tipped with a diamond. In this way skillful working can reduce the size of stones quickly and accurately, saving the slow and laborious work of splitting and polishing followed in the past. Incidentally, the by-product or "waste" in the form of diamond chips and dust is very carefully collected.

One of the most important labor-saving devices used in diamond-cutting is the mechanism which determines the angles of the facets of the gem. The diamond cutters of the past cut the facets by slowly rubbing two diamonds together. Later the work was done by holding the stone against a rapidly revolving disk. The angle of the facet was determined by the judgment of the diamond cutter who became expert from long experience. The new tool is equipped with a dial which makes it possible to cut the facet with scientific accuracy. The diamonds cut by the new methods reveal all the latent beauties of the stone and are, doubtless, the most beautiful ever cut in the long history of the art.

## From the Inside

People In Broadcasting Stations See Strange Things

Karl K. Kitching, writing in New York Sun, says: "A friend of mine was being shown through one of the larger broadcasting studios. As he watched an orchestra preparing for its program he stood with his back to one of the announcer's desks, and at the same time overheard him telling his audience:

"... when the gong strikes it will be exactly 5 o'clock Eastern Standard time . . . this correct time comes to you through the courtesy of the Blahk Clock Company."

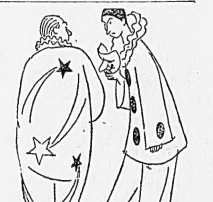
My friend turned to see the announcer as he struck the gong and he almost swallowed his tongue when he saw that the timepiece from which that personage was waiting to gauge the gong strike was one of the well-known dollar variety."

## A Typographical Error

In an announcement of the revival at the Church of the Brethren, made in the Kansas Herald, the linotype spoiled a perfectly good compliment by misplacing one letter. The sentence should have read: "He believes in a happy religion and lives it." But the linotype made it, "He believe in a happy religion and lives it." Can an apology ever fix it?

Housewives of New Zealand are using American vacuum cleaners.

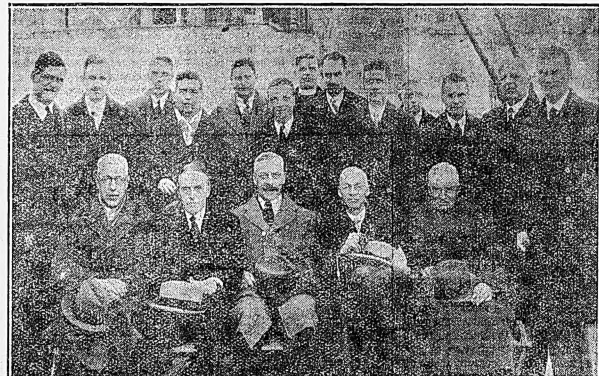
A single palm tree has produced as many as 4,000 dates.



"You don't recognize me? What about the debt you owe me?"

"Er—I don't 'recognize' the debt either."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

## VISIT CANADIAN UNIVERSITIES



A greater mutual understanding of educational facilities in Great Britain and Canada will result from the visit to this country of 16 headmasters of English Public Schools. They crossed the Atlantic on the Canadian Pacific Liner "Duchess of Bedford," and will visit the leading Canadian Universities. The picture shows them on board the ship on arrival. They are from left to right, sitting: W. H. Pye, M.A., Christ's Hospital; P. B. Mallin, M.A., Wellington; Dr. C. Norwood, Harrow; F. Fletcher, M.A., Charterhouse; J. Talbot, T.D., M.A., Eton; standing: Kenneth Lindsay, M.A., Oxon, and H. H. Hemming, M.C., McGill, hon. secretaries of the party; A. B. Sackett, M.A., Kingswood; J. Bell, M.A., St. Paul's; S. R. Gurner, M.C., M.A., Whitgift Grammar School; G. C. Turner, M.C., M.A., Marlborough; Rev. V. P. Nevill, O.S.B., M.A., Ampleforth; G. W. Olive, M.A., Dauntsey; M. L. Jacks, M.A., Mill Hill; G. Robertson, M.A., George Watson's College, Edinburgh, representing Scottish Schools; H. Grose Hodge, M.A., Bedford; W. M. Gordon, Wrekin College, Salop; D. L. Miller, Manchester Grammar School.

## Recreational Resources of Canada Compose a Loadstone Which Draws Millions Of Visitors

Canada's recreational resources are a national asset of the first order. They compose the loadstone which each year draws millions of visitors to the Dominion and they form a source of wealth which annually adds a large and rapidly growing item to the national income. There are, in fact, few records in the annals of Canadian development more interesting or more remarkable than that of the rise to importance of the Dominion's recreational features. Today the returns from these assets keep pace with those from such major factors as mines and forests.

Some idea of the extraordinary growth of holiday traffic may be gained from the records of touring automobiles entering Canada in recent years. In 1910 the number of cars entering Canada for touring purposes was 238,000 and during the ten years up to 1929 this figure had increased to 4,509,000. Aside from the phenomenal increase of touring tourists, railway and steamship lines each year add large numbers to the thousands who holiday in Canada. Tapping an even wider field than the automobile, these organizations have spread the Dominion's fame as a holiday land literally throughout the world.

The most casual traveller crossing the Dominion from east to west cannot but be struck by the sheer diversity of Canada's natural features. First there is the rugged Atlantic shore; then the great system of inland lakes, seas in depth; next a thousand miles of rolling prairie; followed by the great barrier of the Rockies, rivaling the Alps in grandeur; and finally the sea, bathing with its warm waters the far-flung Pacific coast. All these contribute to the glorious panorama of a transcontinental trip across Canadian territory.

The charm of the Maritime Provinces is not easily depicted. These provinces—Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and New Brunswick—are famed with the mellowness of age that captivates the visitor from newer regions. The snow-white lighthouses, crowning the cliffs that overlook the sea, the white sail of the fishing smack seeding its sheltering cove, the quaint fishermen's cottages that straggle up the hillsides, the shaded inland roads and winding forest streams, the springtime mantle of blossom that clothes mile upon mile of orchard valleys—all these suggest the elements that blend to give the Maritimes a picturesque peculiarity of their own. In this setting is met all that goes to complete the happiness of the holiday visitor—excellent facilities for motoring, boating, fishing, hunting in season, and all outdoor recreation.

Reaching from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the head of Lake Superior, a voyage of 2,000 miles, one of the world's great systems of interior waterways traverses Eastern Canada. Nowhere exists an interior water route more varied than that traversed in a trip up the storied St. Lawrence, touching at historic Quebec and busy Montreal. Leading on through the Thousand Islands and the Great Lakes, past Toronto, Niagara Falls and a dozen other centres of commercial or scenic interest, such a voyage reveals the heart of Eastern Canada and leaves a vivid impression not only of the natural beauty but of the business life of this part of the Dominion.

The Laurentian region—the huge horseshoe skirting Hudson Bay to the east, south, and west—is pre-eminently the country of forest and stream, of hunting, fishing, and canoeing, of great unexplored areas. Countless lakes and rivers form a network of dustless highways routing the canoeist through a hinterland where trout, bass and muskellunge, moose, deer and bear, stock a superb field for the sportsman.

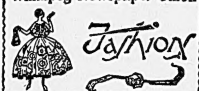
The prairies are less familiar as a holiday region. Yet, for thousands of

visitors, the fertile western plains with their endless miles of rippling grass present a scene of beauty and satisfaction to countless visitors. Beautiful summer resorts nestle on the shores of prairie lakes, and for the enjoyment of the sportsman few fields offer finer attraction than the hunting, in season, of prairie game birds.

For scenic splendour the Rocky Mountains have been declared by many experienced Alpine climbers to be unsurpassed. Majestic ranges, scarred by age and weather, rear their summits against sky of purest blue or bury their snow-capped peaks in fleecy clouds. Glaciers and waterfalls, emerald tinted lakes and wooded valleys combine to entrance the eye and the enchantment is increased by the alpine air fragrant with the scent of pine and fir. The mountains are noted for their big game—big-horn sheep, grizzly bear, Rocky Mountain goat, elk, deer, moose, caribou, black and brown bear, and mountain lion.

Canada's Pacific coast, with its fjords and inlets, is a revelation to the tourist. Its moderate climate makes it an all-the-year-round playground for thousands, while its hunting, fishing, and other sporting attractions are unexcelled on this continent. Taking into account the scope, the variety and the steadily widening renown of the Dominion's recreational attractions, there is ample ground for the view that these natural assets will, through their direct and indirect commercial effects, prove to be one of the major forces of Canadian development in the next generation.

### Winnipeg Newspaper Union



(By Anabelle Worthington)



2846

Smart young things are including many silk crepe frocks in their Spring wardrobe to be worn with separate coat to carry out ensemble theme.

The youthful animation of hem, makes this model especially attractive, for it is equally smart worn without a coat.

The cap sleeves of the yoked bodice are outstandingly chic in pointed treatment.

It is ripped in at normal waistline by narrow belt.  
Style No. 2846 comes in sizes 14, 16, 18 and 20 years. In the 16 size, 2 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 1/2 yard of 39-inch contrasting is sufficient.  
Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address Pattern Department.

### How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union,  
375 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

NAME .....

Address .....

City .....

State .....

Country .....

### Grain Elevator For Churchill

2,500,000 Bushel Grain Elevator To Be Completed By September 1931

Tenders for a 2,500,000 bushel grain elevator at Fort Churchill, the terminus of the Hudson Bay Railway, have been asked by the Department of Railways and Canals.

It is planned by the department to have this elevator completed by September 13, 1931, in time for the handling of next year's crop. As from 600 to 800 feet of deep water dock will have been constructed by that time, it will be possible to load ocean ships at the elevator.

"It is planned to resume the regular weekly, if not twice-weekly train service between The Pas and Churchill, for the use of Canadian National Railway officials and those at work at the Bay terminus. As there is yet no provision for people other than those actually employed at Churchill, outsiders will at least be discouraged from going there.

### Deadly Carbon Monoxide

Risky To Run Car In Garage Even With Doors Open

In view of the deaths which are being so constantly reported through the deadly carbon monoxide gas, it is worth while to draw attention to the warning just given by Professor Norman Hall, of Manitoba University. The figures he gives as to the danger of this gas are startling, as he finds that a mixture of five parts of it to 10,000 of air is very dangerous, but that one of 15 to 20 is absolutely deadly. The percentage which will be formed in a small garage in a few minutes is greater than this. One particular point is urged by the professor, that it is not safe to run the engine in a garage for any length of time with the doors open, for if the wind should happen to be blowing into this it would be tantamount to closing the doors.

When storekeepers have plate glass windows broken they usually look for the price of a new one, and quite frequently get it. But in the case of A. Livingstone, Dubuc, Sask., merchant, who had a large plate glass window broken the culprit gave his life for his rash act. Possibly the merchant was not even then satisfied. The culprit was a partridge, which smashed the glass all to pieces when it flew against the window. Its neck was broken by the impact.

### Merchant Has No Comeback

Partridge Breaks Plate Glass Pane In Store Window

When storekeepers have plate glass windows broken they usually look for the price of a new one, and quite frequently get it. But in the case of A. Livingstone, Dubuc, Sask., merchant, who had a large plate glass window broken the culprit gave his life for his rash act. Possibly the merchant was not even then satisfied. The culprit was a partridge, which smashed the glass all to pieces when it flew against the window. Its neck was broken by the impact.

### For Improved Livestock

The first "Improved Sire Area" in Manitoba has been established in the municipality of Roland, according to an announcement made by Albert Prefontaine, Minister of Agriculture. Under the Improved Sire Area Act, all bulls, horses and rams must be inspected and approved before the owners of same are permitted to retain them for service in the area.

Monkeys trained to operate them are used to try out new types of parachutes in Japan.

### Strange Blue Grass

Thrives In Winter

Will Grow Under Adverse Conditions Without Cultivation

Experts from the United States Department of Agriculture predict that the strange winter blue grass discovered on an Oregon farm and believed by them to be the "lost grass" of Europe, may revolutionize farming and dairying industries.

The story of the grass is a farm romance. Similar to grass which disappeared in Europe a century or more ago, it died down in summer, when other grass is green, but thrives in winter, when food for livestock is low. It forms a perfect turf, even under the snow.

Because the experts found it will grow under adverse conditions, without cultivation, and will thrive in rainy regions, they view it as a solution of the problem of utilizing logged-off lands of the Pacific northwest.

Seeds for use in the Pacific Northwest will be sold exclusively in Seattle by the Children's Orthopedic Hospital. The agency was a gift of Mrs. E. B. Hanley, on whose farm the seed was found, and will be a source of permanent income for the hospital.

### Yellow Journals In Shanghai

People Have To Be Circumspect To Avoid Publicity

The Chinese business or professional man who strays from the straight and narrow path usually reads all about his sins in the papers.

A survey made recently by military authorities indicates that there are more scandal sheets in Shanghai than any other city in the eastern hemisphere and probably in the world. One hundred and ten yellow tri-weekly newspapers are published in the Asiatic metropolis and are all devoted to printing news not fit to print.

To keep these papers supplied with information concerning the doings of Chinese who are in the spotlight, a large army of Chinese scandal mongers is constantly kept on the job. They appear at the most amazing times and at the most inconvenient places.

### Special Type Of Piano

German Manufacturer Solves Problem Of Difficult Transport

In order to transport pianos over mountain trails or difficult roads, an enterprising German manufacturer has constructed a special type of the instrument, which permits it to be carried on horseback. The piano has a U-shaped lower section which fits the animal. Other pianos are made dismountable so that they can be transported in several packing cases on the backs of mules, and assembled on delivery, because the instrument would be ruined were it to be hauled over many of the trails for hours, and often days, in a cart drawn by oxen.

An average of 3,000,000 persons are ill in the United States every day.

## The Present Market Condition Clearly Reflects Success Of Pool Says Professor Fay, of Toronto

### Control Wolf Menace

Bounty Offered For Destruction Of Wolves In The North West Territories

The Department of the Interior, through its North West Territories and Yukon Branch, wages a continuous fight to control the ravages of wolves among the wild life of Northern Canada. Realizing the tremendous toll taken annually by wolves, principally among the caribou, and the serious destruction caused along trap lines by the mutilation of the pelts of fur bearers caught in the traps, the Department has for a number of years been experimenting with various methods of control. The most effective scheme to date has been the increased bounty of \$30 per wolf pelt put into effect in 1924.

Under the regulations the hunter or trapper turns in the wolf pelt and receives the bounty, the pelt becoming the property of the Department. In this the wolf is being made to pay for his own destruction as the money realized from the sale of the pelt at the fur auctions has greatly reduced the cost of the increased bounty system. Owing to the high prices which prevail in the fur trade for choice wolf pelts, not all of the pelts are turned in for the bounty, but the record of those on which bounty has been paid and which have been forwarded to Ottawa during the fiscal year ended April 1, 1930, shows that 938 wolves were killed in the last twelve months as compared with 1,040 in the same period last year.

### Japan Takes More Wheat

Half Of 1929 Import Was Purchased From Canada

Not only did Canadian-Japanese trade reach a new record in 1929, but Canada supplied Japan with one-half the wheat imported by that country.

This is shown in statistics prepared by the Department of Finance, Tokyo, and announced in a statement from the Japanese consul at Vancouver. The statement further remarks: "While the import of wheat from Canada is increasing year after year, import of wheat from the United States is decreasing in proportion. In 1927 Canada's share was on-third of the total imported into Japan, while in 1929 it increased to one-half of the total, followed by Australia and the United States."

The value of Canada's wheat exports to Japan more than \$17,500,000, an increase of more than \$1,750,000.

Canada's total exports to Japan amounted to nearly \$34,500,000, an increase of about \$1,125,000 over the preceding year. Japan's exports to Canada remained stationary at \$13,500,000.

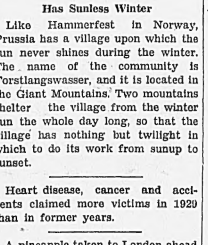
In 1929 Japan's import of pulp showed a decrease, but Canada continued to lead in that market with \$2,225,999 worth, followed by Norway and the United States.

### Queer Sight In Cuba

Trees Grow In Limestone Areas With Little Care

Huge trees growing without any visible means of support are one of the queer sights of the Zapata swamp of Southern Cuba, which is nearly 1,800 square miles in extent. Many varieties of trees, some 4 feet in diameter, are found growing in limestone areas where not so much as a single spoonful of soil can be gathered from an acre. The trees make a start in growing behind holes in the limestone, where collections of leaves and disintegrated rock furnish them with cover for growth. In their search for food the roots stray about over the surface of the rock, finally plunging through holes to find succor in soil hidden deeply in the cavernous recesses of the coral stone.

Nearly 5,000,000 persons with incomes of more than \$675 a year were assessed for income tax in England in the last fiscal year.



"Do you worry about your old debt?"  
"No. I forgot old debts."  
"What about new ones?"  
"I let them get old."—Hummel, Hamburg.

Heart disease, cancer and accidents claimed more victims in 1929 than in former years.

A pineapple taken to London ahead of season by a sailor was sold for \$25.

The easier a girl is to look upon the harder a man will look.

### SUGARING TIME



You can't fool these two youngsters about this spring business. When there is a sound of preparations in the maple bush, the fragrant scent of burning hard wood and glint of sap pails, it's a sure sign that spring is here. Here we see "Jack" and "Jill" who didn't need to go up the hill, and furthermore, it isn't water.



"Why do you insist on a post-mortem examination after you are dead?"  
Musket, Vienna.

W. N. U. 1934





# Grand Opening of Oyen Theatre with Talking Pictures Friday and Saturday, May 2 and 3

## Heard About Town

Lorne Rideout is spending his vacation at the Whitlock home at Oyen.

Mrs. McBean, of Lanfne, visited with Mrs. Wm. Milligan on Friday.

The Trail Rangers and C.G.T.s are holding a concert in the United Church on Friday evening, May 2.

R. Peyton, who had been attending the funeral of a brother at Eastline, S.D., returned on Thursday morning.

H. H. Fisher, of the Service Garage, spent the Easter holidays with his parents at Prague, Sask., returning Monday morning.

Those who are attending Normal School at Calgary are spending the Easter vacation at the home of their parents are

Miss Ethel Young, Miss Muriel MacIntosh and Miss Ida Marcy.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Turple, at the Hanna hospital, on Thursday, April 17, a son.

The Village Council spent Good Friday doing work on the streets, which has greatly improved the appearance of the town.

Miss Norma Hurley, who is attending school at Saskatoon, spent the Easter vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hurley.

Mrs. Gertrude Thompson, of Calgary, spent Good Friday and Saturday at the home of her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Cooley.

Dr. Holt, dentist, of Oyen, will be at the Acadia Hotel, Chinook, every Thursday until further notice to practice his profession. All work guaranteed.

## Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district. Send it in.

FOR SALE—Young pigs, also some weighing from 60 to 80 lbs. Lorne Proudfoot, sec. 23-28-7. P52-54

FOR SALE—Turkey eggs, apply to J. C. Bayley, Laughlin, Phone 111. P52-54

FOR SALE—Banner seed oats, P. A. Wilton, section 5-26-7, Rearview S.O., Chinook, Alta. ci

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES	
WHEAT	
1 Northern .....	\$ .90
2 Northern .....	.87
3 Northern .....	.84
No. 4 .....	.79
No. 5 .....	.73
No. 6 .....	.59
Feed .....	.50
OATS	
2 C. W. ....	.40
3 C. W. ....	.35
Feed .....	.35
BUTTER AND EGGS	
Butter .....	.35
Eggs .....	.12 1/2

## Church Announcements

Bible study will be held at the A. V. Roberts home on Friday evening, April 25, at 5 o'clock.

CHINOOK UNITED  
Sunday, April 20—Service 8:30.  
You are cordially invited to worship with us.  
Pastor, J. D. Woolfitt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC  
Service Second Sunday Every Month  
Mass at 8 a.m.

## Heard About Town

Miss Irene Marcy, teacher in one of Chinook's rural schools, is home over the holidays.

Arlan and Layton Parks, of Sibbald, are visiting for a few days at the H. Lloyd home.

Miss Ida Vise spent a few days with her sister in Calgary, returning on Tuesday morning.

Mrs. J. Long, of Cereal, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Roberts, Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Margaret Young, Hanna, spent the week end at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Young.

Mrs. Harry Johnston, of Cereal, visited on Wednesday afternoon at the home of her brother, A. V. Brodine.

Mrs. C. W. Barton is at Calgary, spending the Easter holidays with her daughter, Mrs. J. Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. Arlie Cliphams, of Little Gem, recently spent a few days with his sister, Mrs. Wm. Switzer.

Mrs. C. W. Rideout, with Audrey and baby, is spending the Easter vacation at Calgary, visiting with her brother, Mr. Fowler.

Miss Sadie McLean who is attending Normal school at Edmonton, is spending the vacation at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Neil McLean.

The Ladies' Card Club met with Mrs. O. Nelson on Tuesday evening. Mrs. Clarence Peterson had the highest score and won a beautiful flower in bloom. Mrs. Jas. Rennie will entertain next week.

W. S. Lee and family motored to Kindersley on Friday. He returned on Monday afternoon, leaving the children for a visit with relatives. He was accompanied as far as Sibbald by Leonard and Billy Youell and Earl and Lois Robinson.

## Collholme Collections

Miss J. G. Morrison, R.N., is again at the Cereal Hospital for a short time.

Mrs. N. D. Stewart, who has been in bed for the past week, is able to be up and around again.

Although weather conditions were rather unfavorable Sunday a few ventured out with their new Easter bonnets and clothes.

School was dismissed Thursday for the Easter holidays. Only too soon will the bell ring for the 28th, and then six weeks of tedious work until exams.

The willing workers were busy on Thursday cleaning the church for Easter Sunday. The above alliance consists of Mesdames Duncan, MacLennan, Spreeman and Miss P. Stevenson.

"Sandy" Duncan, who is attending the Calgary Technical School, returned home on Friday morning to spend the Easter holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Duncan.

Many of the farmers have purchased incubators and some have their eggs now hatching. The artificial hens are not proving as successful as they did last year. A Spreenau received his first hatch last week.

There was a good attendance at church on Sunday last. Mr. MacDowall, who arranged the program, is to be complimented on the way he handled it in so short a time. Mrs. Hess's solo was much appreciated.

Dan MacLennan is the prominent barber of Collholme, and not Dan MacKinnon, as reported in last week's Collections. To make it more clear, he is a brother in law of John MacPherson, who is well known in town and district. Dan expects to make a living with his comb and scissors if the wheat crop fails.

## Heathdale Happenings

L. Leftwich is the first in this district to complete wheat seeding.

Miss C. Ferguson is spending the Easter holidays at home on the farm.

A few of the country people attended the Anglican Easter services at Chinook.

Mrs. T. Squires, of Mount Vernon, Wash., arrived last week to visit with her son, S. M. Squires, of this district.

A number of relatives and friends made a surprise visit to S. M. Brown on Sunday, the occasion being his birthday.

A U.F.A. meeting will be held in Clover Leaf school Saturday evening at 8 o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the Cereal convention, to be held on May 21.

The teachers and pupils of the Heathdale school are to be congratulated on the Easter program given Sunday evening, consisting of recitations and hymns. Mrs. Hess favored with a solo, accompanied by Mrs. Anderson on the organ. The program concluded with a hymn, the audience being invited to join in the singing.

What might have proved a fatal accident occurred Monday morning about six miles south of Heathdale post office when a car driven by Art Hodge left the grade and plunged down the embankment about seven feet and pinned Mr. Hodge under the seat and steering wheel. Mrs. Hodge, who was also in the car, escaped without a scratch, although shaken. Mr. Hodge was rushed to the Cereal Hospital by E. B. Allen, where he was attended to by Dr. Eater, seven stitches in the right hand being necessary.

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS AND BOOK YOUR Steamship and Rail Tickets FROM THE LOCAL AGENT CANADIAN NATIONAL Rail and Steamship Lines. Travel for the West.

## Big Stone Bulletins

A special Easter service was rendered by the Heathdale school on Sunday evening, April 20, at 7:30 p.m. The school was decorated appropriately for the occasion. O. D. Harrington filled the position of chairman very efficiently. The program was as follows:

Chorus, "Praise Him", the school.  
Recitation, "Easter Greeting", 3 girls.  
Chorus, "Look, Ye Saints", school.  
Recitation, "The Easter Hope", Kathleen Moore.  
Chorus, "Glorious Day of God", the school.  
Exercise, "Easter", primary class.  
Recitation, "The Joy of Easter", Alta Gilette.

Song, "Little Children Sing", small children.  
Recitation, "An Easter Long Ago", 4 girls.  
Chorus, "The Joy of Easter Morning", the school.  
Recitation (concerted) "The New Earth", the school.

Chorus, "He Arose", the school.  
Recitation, "He Is Risen", Lawrence Savage.  
Song, "He Loves Me Too", small children.  
Violin solo, "Not Ashamed of Jesus", John F. L. Moore.

Recitation, "Lesson of the Flowers", grade 1.  
Recitation, "Easter Light", Alta Gilette, Mary and Kathleen Moore.  
Hazel Wiles, Margaret and Pearl Whately, L. Savage, R. Harrington.  
Recitation, "Easter Forget-Me-Nots", primary class.

Past song, "Calvary", 7 pupils.  
Recitation, "There's Never a Day Like Easter", Mary Moore.  
Song, "Easter Lullaby", 5 girls.  
Solo, "Sweeter Day by Day", Mrs. Hess.

Chorus, "Hail to the King of Glory", the school.  
Hymn (in which audience joined): "Christ the Lord Is Risen Today".

## Heard About Town

Wes Hory, who had been on the sick list for a few days at his home in Lufkin, is again on the job as night clerk at the Acadia Hotel.

Miss Agnes Gingles, of the Parliament Buildings, Edmonton spent a few days with her mother and family at the farm, returning Tuesday morning.

Miss Marvel Milligan, who has been attending a business college in Calgary, is spending the Easter vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Milligan.

Miss Audrey Neff, teacher at Ferner school, and Miss Dorothy Neff, attendant at Calgary high school, are spending the vacation with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Neff.

The Ladies' Aid tea and sale of cooking, held in the dining room of the Acadia Hotel on Saturday afternoon and evening was quite a success. Proceeds amounted to about \$22.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Riesen and two sons last week moved in two cars of effects from Granum and are located on the Stephenson farm, west of town. They will join the Mennonite colony.

On Thursday morning, April 10, an automobile accident happened eight miles north of Kindersley, Sask., resulting in wrecking two cars and three people going to the hospital. Lee Rutley, occupant of one of the cars, but escaping without a scratch, is a nephew of W. S. Lee, and is well known here as he assisted in the Banner

## H. HOWTON

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WALL  
PAPERS  
are here. See them. Prices ranging from 10c per roll up

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640 ACRES—Section 34, Township 28, Range 8, west 4th Meridian—\$6000; one-third cash; balance arranged; full particulars.

I. D. RAE  
Royal Oak Hotel, Burnaby, Kingway, VANCOUVER, B.C.

CROCUS LODGE, No. 115, A.F. & A.M. meets at 8 p.m. on Wednesday or after full moon. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.  
Jas. Rennie, W.M. R. W. Wright, Sec.

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Beauty Parlor  
First-Class Work at Reasonable Prices  
Shop Closed Mondays  
Miss Mae Peterson, Prop.  
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FRANK V. HOWARD  
A.L.C.M.  
Visits Chinook Every Saturday  
PIANO, THEORY AND HARMONY  
TERMS: \$1.00 PER LESSON  
Pianos and Organs Tuned and Regulated  
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YOUNGSTOWN, ALBERTA

Motor Truck Delivery  
Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable  
M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

J. W. Bredin  
Licensed Auctioneer  
For Dates Phone 4 or Write Box 49 CEREAL

Hardware for some time in 1928, Mrs. Rutley was not so fortunate, receiving considerable shock and two bruises.

# Farms for Sale on Easy Terms

The following parcels are offered for sale by Public Tender:

South half of 34-31-7-w4, 3 miles southeast of Littlegem.  
Northeast quarter of 18 and southeast quarter of 19-28-11-w4, 5 miles east of Rose Lynn.  
Southeast quarter of 25 and southwest quarter of 24 26 10 w4, 15 miles east of Carolside.

Northwest quarter of 18 and southeast quarter of 20 25-10-w4, 11 miles northeast of Pollockville.

North half of 19 30 6 w4 10 miles north of Cereal.  
Northwest quarter of 16 30 12 w4, 3 miles southwest of Richdale.

Southeast quarter of 16 28-10-w4, 14 miles southwest of Youngstown.

North half of 18 31-11-w4, 4 miles northeast of Richdale.  
East half of 32 28-7-w4, 1 mile southwest of Chinook.

Northeast quarter of 19 33-12 w4, 13 miles east of Scapa.

Southwest quarter of 34 and northwest quarter of 27 28-11-w4, 8 miles northeast of Rose Lynn.

Southwest quarter of 13 and southwest quarter of 14 29 11-w4, 8 miles southeast of Stannmore.

Northwest quarter of 10 and northeast quarter of 9 27 10-w4, 13 miles east of Sunnyside.

West half of 5-29 w4, 6 miles south of Youngstown.

Southwest quarter of 34 29 12 w4, 3 miles northeast of Sheerness.

Northwest quarter of 6 and southwest quarter of 7 30 7-w4, 9 miles northwest of Chinook.

Southwest quarter of 22 29 12 w4, 2 miles south of Sheerness.

Northwest quarter of 30 30-8-w4, 4 miles northeast of Youngstown.

Northwest quarter of 4 and southwest quarter of 9 33-12-w4, 15 miles northeast of Dowling.

West half of 30-28-8-w4 and southwest of 33-28-7-w4, 6 miles southwest of Dobson.

Northeast quarter of 26-26-11-w4, 9 miles northeast of Carolside.

Northeast quarter of 16-33-13-w4, 11 miles northeast of Dowling.

Southwest quarter of 2 and southwest quarter of 1-26-8-w4, 18 miles south of Chinook.

North half of 34-25-8-w4, 18 miles southwest of Chinook.

West half of 6-33-11-w4, 12 miles north of Richdale.

Northwest quarter of 2-30-13-w4, 4 miles northwest of Sheerness.

Offers for any of the above farms are invited together with any suggested terms of purchase.

Send your offer in plain sealed envelope marked "Tender for Qr. of Sec. Twp. Rge. W. Mer."

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders will be opened at noon, April 28, 1930.

The Soldier Settlement Board of Canada  
602 Southam Building, CALGARY, Alberta.

For further particulars, apply to D. E. HOLLOWAY, of CHINOOK, Alberta.